

**PUBLIC CHAPTER NO. 817**

**SENATE BILL NO. 444**

**By Overbey**

Substituted for: House Bill No. 608

**By Stewart**

AN ACT to amend Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 34 and Title 71, relative to enacting the Uniform Adult Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Act.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE:

SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 34, is amended by adding the following as a new chapter:

**PART 1**

Section 34-14-101. This chapter may be cited as the Uniform Adult Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Jurisdiction Act.

Section 34-14-102. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms shall have the same meaning as those defined in TCA § 34-1-101.

Section 34-14-103. A court of this state may treat a foreign country as if it were a state for the purpose of applying this chapter.

Section 34-14-104.

(a) A court of this state may communicate with a court in another state concerning a proceeding arising under this chapter. The court may allow the parties to participate in the communication. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), the court shall make a record of the communication. The record may be limited to the fact that the communication occurred.

(b) Courts may communicate concerning schedules, calendars, court records, and other administrative matters without making a record.

Section 34-14-105.

(a) In a conservatorship or guardianship or protective proceeding in this state, a court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to do any of the following:

(1) Hold an evidentiary hearing;

(2) Order a person in that state to produce evidence or give testimony pursuant to procedures of that state;

(3) Order that an evaluation or assessment be made of the respondent;

(4) Order any appropriate investigation of a person involved in a proceeding;

(5) Forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript or other record of a hearing under subdivision (1) or any other proceeding, any evidence otherwise produced under subdivision (2), and any evaluation or assessment prepared in compliance with an order under subdivision (3) or (4);

(6) Issue any order necessary to assure the appearance in the proceeding of a person whose presence is necessary for the court to make a determination, including the respondent or the incapacitated or protected person;

(7) Issue an order authorizing the release of medical, financial, criminal, or other relevant information in that state, including protected health information as defined in 45 C.F.R. Section 164.504, as amended.

(b) If a court of another state in which a guardianship or protective proceeding is pending requests assistance of the kind provided in subsection (a), a court of this state has jurisdiction for the limited purpose of granting the request or making reasonable efforts to comply with the request.

Section 34-14-106.

(a) In a conservatorship or guardianship or protective proceeding, in addition to other procedures that may be available, testimony of a witness who is located in another state may be offered by deposition or other means allowable in this state for testimony taken in another state. The court on its own motion may order that the testimony of a witness be taken in another state and may prescribe the manner in which and the terms upon which the testimony is to be taken.

(b) In a conservatorship or guardianship or protective proceeding, a court in this state may permit a witness located in another state to be deposed or to testify by telephone or audiovisual or other electronic means. A court of this state shall cooperate with the court of the other state in designating an appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.

(c) Documentary evidence transmitted from another state to a court of this state by technological means that do not produce an original

writing may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the best evidence rule.

## PART 2

### Section 34-14-201.

(a) In this part:

(1) "Emergency" means a circumstance that likely will result in substantial harm to a respondent's health, safety, or welfare, and for which the appointment of a conservator or guardian is necessary because no other person has authority and is willing to act on the respondent's behalf.

(2) "Home state" means the state in which the respondent was physically present, including any period of temporary absence, for at least six (6) consecutive months immediately before the filing of a petition for a protective order or the appointment of a guardian; or if none, the state in which the respondent was physically present, including any period of temporary absence, for at least six (6) consecutive months ending within the six (6) months prior to the filing of the petition.

(3) "Significant-connection state" means a state, other than the home state, with which a respondent has a significant connection other than mere physical presence and in which substantial evidence concerning the respondent is available.

(b) In determining under Section 34-14-203 and Section 34-14-301(e) whether a respondent has a significant connection with a particular state, the court shall consider:

(1) The location of the respondent's family and other persons required to be notified of the guardianship or protective proceeding;

(2) The length of time the respondent at any time was physically present in the state and the duration of any absence;

(3) The location of the respondent's property; and

(4) The extent to which the respondent has ties to the state such as voting registration, state or local tax return filing, vehicle registration, driver's license, social relationship, and receipt of services.

Section 34-14-202. It is the intent of this part to supplement any provisions of the Adult Protection Act, in Title 71, Chapter 6, Part 1, to provide a basis for determining jurisdiction between this state and other states or foreign countries in any cases involving the protection of an adult by the courts of

different states or countries. Notwithstanding the appointment of a guardian or conservator under this part, or under Title 34 or any other provision of law, nothing in this title shall supersede the provisions of the Tennessee Adult Protection Act (the Act) contained in Title 71, Chapter 6, Part 1, providing for the protection of vulnerable adults in need of protective services as defined in the Act, the authority of the Department of Human Services under the Act to investigate cases of an adult who may be in need of protective services and to provide such services, or the jurisdiction of the court under the Act to order the provision of protective services or the establishment of a temporary guardian appointed by the court to secure and disburse the adult's property to fund such services. The court's orders under the Act shall supersede and suspend any orders entered under this title or any other law that addresses the protection, custody, including emergency temporary custody, of the adult or the disposition of property necessary to fund protective services for the adult under the Act; provided, however, that the ultimate determination of the jurisdiction of this state or another state or foreign country to enter orders for the adult's personal protection and financial welfare shall be determined under the jurisdictional provisions of this part.

Section 34-14-203. A court of this state has jurisdiction to appoint a conservator or guardian or issue a protective order for a respondent if:

- (1) This state is the respondent's home state;
- (2) On the date the petition is filed, this state is a significant-connection state and:
  - (A) The respondent does not have a home state or a court of the respondent's home state has declined to exercise jurisdiction because this state is a more appropriate forum; or
  - (B) The respondent has a home state, a petition for an appointment or order is not pending in a court of that state or another significant-connection state, and, before the court makes the appointment or issues the order:
    - (i) A petition for an appointment or order is not filed in the respondent's home state;
    - (ii) An objection to the court's jurisdiction is not filed by a person required to be notified of the proceeding; and
    - (iii) The court in this state concludes that it is an appropriate forum under the factors set forth in Section 34-14-206;
- (3) This state does not have jurisdiction under either subdivision (1) or (2), the respondent's home state and all significant-connection states have declined to exercise jurisdiction because this state is the more appropriate forum, and jurisdiction in this state is consistent with the constitutions of this state and the United States; or

(4) The requirements for special jurisdiction under Section 34-14-204 are met.

Section 34-14-204.

(a) A court of this state lacking jurisdiction under Section 34-14-203(1) through (3) has special jurisdiction to do any of the following:

(1) Appoint a conservator or guardian in an emergency for a term not exceeding ninety (90) days for a respondent who is physically present in this state;

(2) Issue a protective order with respect to real or tangible personal property located in this state;

(3) Appoint a conservator or guardian or conservator for a respondent for whom a provisional order to transfer the proceeding from another state has been issued under procedures similar to Section 34-14-301.

(b) If a petition for the appointment of a conservator or guardian in an emergency is brought in this state and this state was not the respondent's home state on the date the petition was filed, the court shall dismiss the proceeding at the request of the court of the home state, if any, whether dismissal is requested before or after the emergency appointment.

Section 34-14-205. Except as otherwise provided in Sections 34-14-202 and 34-14-204, a court that has appointed a conservator or guardian or issued a protective order consistent with this chapter has exclusive and continuing jurisdiction over the proceeding until it is terminated by the court or the appointment or order expires by its own terms.

Section 34-14-206.

(a) A court of this state having jurisdiction under Section 34-14-203 to appoint a conservator or guardian or issue a protective order may decline to exercise its jurisdiction if it determines at any time that a court of another state is a more appropriate forum.

(b) If a court of this state declines to exercise its jurisdiction under subsection (a), it shall either dismiss or stay the proceeding. The court may impose any condition the court considers just and proper, including the condition that a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a protective order be filed promptly in another state.

(c) In determining whether it is an appropriate forum, the court shall consider all relevant factors, including:

(1) Any expressed preference of the respondent;

(2) Whether abuse, neglect, or exploitation of the respondent has occurred or is likely to occur and which state could best protect the respondent from the abuse, neglect, or exploitation;

(3) The length of time the respondent was physically present in or was a legal resident of this or another state;

(4) The distance of the respondent from the court in each state;

(5) The financial circumstances of the respondent's estate;

(6) The nature and location of the evidence;

(7) The ability of the court in each state to decide the issue expeditiously and the procedures necessary to present evidence;

(8) The familiarity of the court of each state with the facts and issues in the proceeding; and

(9) If an appointment were made, the court's ability to monitor the conduct of the guardian or conservator.

Section 34-14-207.

(a) If at any time a court of this state determines that it acquired jurisdiction to appoint a conservator or guardian or issue a protective order because of unjustifiable conduct, the court may:

(1) Decline to exercise jurisdiction;

(2) Exercise jurisdiction for the limited purpose of fashioning an appropriate remedy to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the respondent or the protection of the respondent's property or prevent a repetition of the unjustifiable conduct, including staying the proceeding until a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a protective order is filed in a court of another state having jurisdiction; or

(3) Continue to exercise jurisdiction after considering:

(A) The extent to which the respondent and all persons required to be notified of the proceedings have acquiesced in the exercise of the court's jurisdiction;

(B) Whether it is a more appropriate forum than the court of any other state under the factors set forth in Section 34-14-206(c); and

(C) Whether the court of any other state would have jurisdiction under factual circumstances in substantial conformity with the jurisdictional standards of Section 34-14-203.

(b) If a court of this state determines that it acquired jurisdiction to appoint a conservator or guardian or issue a protective order because a party seeking to invoke its jurisdiction engaged in unjustifiable conduct, it may assess against that party necessary and reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees, investigative fees, court costs, communication expenses, witness fees and expenses, and travel expenses. The court may not assess fees, costs, or expenses of any kind against this state or a governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of this state unless authorized by law other than this chapter.

Section 34-14-208. If a petition for the appointment of a conservator or guardian or issuance of a protective order is brought in this state and this state was not the respondent's home state on the date the petition was filed, in addition to complying with the notice requirements of this state, notice of the petition must be given to those persons who would be entitled to notice of the petition if a proceeding were brought in the respondent's home state. The notice must be given in the same manner as notice is required to be given in this state.

Section 34-14-209. Except for a petition for the appointment of a conservator or guardian in an emergency or issuance of a protective order limited to property located in this state under Section 34-14-204(a)(1) or (a)(2), if a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a protective order is filed in this state and in another state and neither petition has been dismissed or withdrawn, the following rules apply:

(1) If the court in this state has jurisdiction under Section 34-14-203, it may proceed with the case unless a court in another state acquires jurisdiction under provisions similar to Section 34-14-203 before the appointment or issuance of the order.

(2) If the court in this state does not have jurisdiction under Section 34-14-203, whether at the time the petition is filed or at any time before the appointment or issuance of the order, the court shall stay the proceeding and communicate with the court in the other state. If the court in the other state has jurisdiction, the court in this state shall dismiss the petition unless the court in the other state determines that the court in this state is a more appropriate forum.

### PART 3

Section 34-14-301.

(a) A guardian or conservator appointed in this state may petition the court to transfer the guardianship or conservatorship to another state.

(b) Notice of a petition under subsection (a) must be given to the persons that would be entitled to notice of a petition in this state for the appointment of a guardian or conservator.

(c) On the court's own motion or on request of the guardian or conservator, the disabled person, or other person required to be notified of the petition, the court shall hold a hearing on a petition filed pursuant to subsection (a).

(d) The court shall issue an order provisionally granting a petition to transfer a conservatorship or guardianship and shall direct the conservator or guardian to petition for conservatorship or guardianship in the other state if the court is satisfied that the conservatorship or guardianship will be accepted by the court in the other state and the court finds that:

(1) The disabled person or minor is physically present in or is reasonably expected to move permanently to the other state;

(2) An objection to the transfer has not been made or, if an objection has been made, the objector has not established that the transfer would be contrary to the interests of the disabled person or minor; and

(3) Plans for care and services for the disabled person or minor in the other state are reasonable and sufficient.

(e) The court shall issue a final order confirming the transfer and terminating the guardianship or conservatorship upon its receipt of:

(1) A provisional order accepting the proceeding from the court to which the proceeding is to be transferred which is issued under provisions similar to Section 34-14-302; and

(2) The documents required to terminate a guardianship or conservatorship in this state.

#### Section 34-14-302.

(a) To confirm transfer of a guardianship or conservatorship transferred to this state under provisions similar to Section 34-14-301, the guardian or conservator must petition the court in this state to accept the guardianship or conservatorship. The petition must include a certified copy of the other state's provisional order of transfer.

(b) Notice of a petition under subsection (a) must be given to those persons that would be entitled to notice if the petition were a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a protective order in both the transferring state and this state. The notice must be given in the same manner as notice is required to be given in this state.



(c) On the court's own motion or on request of the guardian or conservator, the disabled or protected person or minor, or other person required to be notified of the proceeding, the court shall hold a hearing on a petition filed pursuant to subsection (a).

(d) The court shall issue an order provisionally granting a petition filed under subsection (a) unless:

(1) An objection is made and the objector establishes that transfer of the proceeding would be contrary to the interests of the disabled or protected person or minor; or

(2) The guardian or conservator is ineligible for appointment in this state.

(e) The court shall issue a final order accepting the proceeding and appointing the guardian or conservator as guardian or conservator in this state upon its receipt from the court from which the proceeding is being transferred of a final order issued under provisions similar to Section 34-14-301 transferring the proceeding to this state.

(f) Not later than ninety (90) days after issuance of a final order accepting transfer of a guardianship or conservatorship, the court shall determine whether the guardianship or conservatorship needs to be modified to conform to the law of this state.

(g) In granting a petition under this section, the court shall recognize a guardianship or conservatorship order from the other state, including the determination of the disabled or protected person's incapacity and the appointment of the guardian or conservator.

(h) The denial by a court of this state of a petition to accept a guardianship or conservatorship transferred from another state does not affect the ability of the guardian or conservator to seek appointment as guardian or conservator in this state under other chapters of this title if the court has jurisdiction to make an appointment other than by reason of the provisional order of transfer.

#### PART 4

Section 34-14-401. If a conservator or guardian has been appointed in another state and a petition for the appointment of a conservator or guardian is not pending in this state, the conservator or guardian appointed in the other state, after giving notice to the appointing court of an intent to register, may register the conservatorship or guardianship order in this state by filing as a foreign judgment in a court, in any appropriate county of this state, certified copies of the order and letters of office.

Section 34-14-403.

(a) Upon registration of a conservatorship or guardianship or protective order from another state, the guardian or conservator may exercise in this state all powers authorized in the order of appointment except as prohibited under the laws of this state, including maintaining actions and proceedings in this state and, if the guardian or conservator is not a resident of this state, subject to any conditions imposed upon nonresident parties.

(b) A court of this state may grant any relief available under this act and other law of this state to enforce a registered order.

#### PART 5

Section 34-14-501. In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

Section 34-14-502. This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. § 7001, et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede § 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. § 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in § 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. § 7003(b).

Section 34-14-503.

(a) This chapter applies to guardianship and protective proceedings begun on or after January 1, 2011.

(b) Parts 1, 3, and 4 and Sections 34-14-501 and 34-14-502 apply to proceedings begun before January 1, 2011, regardless of whether a guardianship or protective order has been issued.

SECTION 2. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 34-1-117, is amended by deleting the section in its entirety and by substituting instead the following:

Section 34-1-117.

(a) A fiduciary may resign by submitting a written request to the court. If the court approves and the fiduciary submits a final accounting that is approved, the resignation of the fiduciary shall be effective on the date set by the court.

(b) For minors, the court shall permit the transfer of the fiduciary relationship to another county, state or country if the court finds that either:

(1) The minor and the serving Tennessee fiduciary have both moved to another county, state or country and the serving Tennessee fiduciary has been appointed the fiduciary in the other county, state or country; or

(2) Only the minor has moved to another county, state or country and a fiduciary other than the serving Tennessee fiduciary has been appointed the fiduciary in the other county, state or country.

(c) For minors, the procedure to seek the transfer of the fiduciary relationship jurisdiction to a court other than the Tennessee court currently supervising the fiduciary relationship shall be the following:

(1) The fiduciary, who may be the serving Tennessee fiduciary or the fiduciary appointed in the other jurisdiction, shall file a sworn petition in the Tennessee court currently supervising the fiduciary relationship. The petition shall contain the following:

(A) A brief statement of the reason or reasons for the removal of the minor from the county of the Tennessee court currently supervising the fiduciary relationship;

(B) A certified copy of the document evidencing the appointment of a fiduciary for the minor in the new jurisdiction that is the place of actual residence of the minor;

(C) An accounting of the minor's property up to the date of the filing of the petition. If the petitioning fiduciary is not the serving Tennessee fiduciary, the court may require the serving Tennessee fiduciary to submit the accounting;

(D) A prayer for the removal of the fiduciary proceedings to the new jurisdiction; and

(E) If appropriate, a prayer for the removal of the minor's property to the new jurisdiction;

(2) Upon the hearing of the petition, the petitioning fiduciary shall provide the court with the following:

(A) Satisfactory evidence that the minor and, if applicable, the serving Tennessee fiduciary have moved from the county of the Tennessee court currently supervising the fiduciary relationship and are actually residing in the new jurisdiction;

(B) An accounting of the minor's property up to the date of the hearing. If the petitioning fiduciary is not the serving Tennessee fiduciary, the court may require the serving Tennessee fiduciary to submit the accounting;

(C) A certified copy of the order of the court appointing the fiduciary in the new jurisdiction; and

(D) A copy of the bond given by the fiduciary in the new jurisdiction with a certificate of the clerk of the court that the bond was signed;

(3) If upon the hearing the court is satisfied with the sufficiency of the evidence presented and the court determines that it is in the best interests of the minor or disabled person, the court shall:

(A) Order the removal of the fiduciary proceedings and, if applicable, the minor's property to the jurisdiction of the actual residence of the minor; and

(B) Discharge the Tennessee fiduciary and the fiduciary's surety on the bond in the Tennessee proceedings; and

(4) Upon the granting of the order, the court shall transfer to the appropriate court in the new jurisdiction a copy of the accounting of the serving Tennessee fiduciary and all records pertaining to the fiduciary relationship.

(d) For a disabled adult person, the court shall permit the transfer of the fiduciary relationship to another county, if the court finds that either:

(1) The disabled adult person and the serving Tennessee fiduciary have both moved to another county, and the serving Tennessee fiduciary has been appointed the fiduciary in the other county; or

(2) Only the disabled adult person has moved to another county, and a fiduciary other than the serving Tennessee fiduciary has been appointed the fiduciary in the other county.

(e) For a disabled adult person, the procedure to seek the transfer of the fiduciary relationship jurisdiction to a court in another county other than the Tennessee court currently supervising the fiduciary relationship shall be the following:

(1) The fiduciary, who may be the serving Tennessee fiduciary or the fiduciary appointed in the other county, shall file a sworn petition in the Tennessee court currently supervising the fiduciary relationship. The petition shall contain the following:

(A) A brief statement of the reason or reasons for the removal of the disabled person from the county of the Tennessee court currently supervising the fiduciary relationship;

(B) A certified copy of the document evidencing the appointment of a fiduciary for the disabled person in the

new jurisdiction that is the place of actual residence of the minor or disabled person;

(C) An accounting of the disabled adult person's property up to the date of the filing of the petition. If the petitioning fiduciary is not the serving Tennessee fiduciary, the court may require the serving Tennessee fiduciary to submit the accounting;

(D) A prayer for the removal of the fiduciary proceedings to the new jurisdiction; and

(E) If appropriate, a prayer for the removal of the disabled adult person's property to the new jurisdiction;

(2) Upon the hearing of the petition, the petitioning fiduciary shall provide the court with the following:

(A) Satisfactory evidence that the disabled adult person and, if applicable, the serving Tennessee fiduciary have moved from the county of the Tennessee court currently supervising the fiduciary relationship and are actually residing in the new jurisdiction;

(B) An accounting of the disabled person's property up to the date of the hearing. If the petitioning fiduciary is not the serving Tennessee fiduciary, the court may require the serving Tennessee fiduciary to submit the accounting;

(C) A certified copy of the order of the court appointing the fiduciary in the new jurisdiction; and

(D) A copy of the bond given by the fiduciary in the new jurisdiction with a certificate of the clerk of the court that the bond was signed;

(3) If upon the hearing the court is satisfied with the sufficiency of the evidence presented and the court determines it is in the best interests of the disabled person, the court shall:

(A) Order the removal of the fiduciary proceedings and, if applicable, the disabled adult person's property to the jurisdiction of the actual residence of the disabled adult person; and

(B) Discharge the Tennessee fiduciary and the fiduciary's surety on the bond in the Tennessee proceedings; and

(4) Upon the granting of the order, the court shall transfer to the appropriate court in the new jurisdiction a copy of the

accounting of the serving Tennessee fiduciary and all records pertaining to the fiduciary relationship.

(f) Other issues relating to subject matter jurisdiction of conservatorships, guardianships and protective proceedings shall be governed by Chapter 14 of this title.

SECTION 3. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to that end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect January 1, 2011, the public welfare requiring it.

**PASSED: April 8, 2010**



RON RAMSEY  
SPEAKER OF THE SENATE



KENT WILLIAMS, SPEAKER  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

**APPROVED this 23rd day of April 2010**



PHIL BREDESEN, GOVERNOR